

SPECIFICATION

TITLE

"MEDICAL SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE AND METHOD FOR EXCHANGING MESSAGES"

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention concerns a medical system architecture of the type having at least one modality to acquire examination images, computer workstations associated with the respective modalities to process the examination images, a device to transfer data, the examination images, and messages between client applications and server applications, a storage device for the data and examination images, and further computer workstations for post-processing of the data and examination images, as well as a method to exchange messages between nodes of a network.

Description of the Prior Art

From the book "Bildgebende Systems für die medizinische Diagnostik", published by H. Morneburg, 3rd edition, 1995, pages 684 *et seq.*, medical system architectures, called PACS (Picture Archival and Communication Systems) are known in which image treatment stations and image processing stations (what are known as workstations) are connected with one another via an image communication network for retrieving patient data and images generated by one or more imaging modalities. The images are retrieved by experts via these workstations.

In the operation of such systems, the following technical problems arise:

- a) DICOM compatibility problems during network communication between DICOM nodes, both forwards, backwards and with products from other

producers, must be generically resolved as well as in the context of specific architecture configurations.

New systems must take into account how old systems (legacy systems) or other products behave. Therefore, expensive “patches” and much test expenditure are needed.

- b) Maintaining anonymity of patient data and other security-relevant requirements, must be solved for specific configurations without changes in the existing DICOM products.

The anonymity protection must be incorporated by fixed coding into the products today.

- c) “DICOM Messages” from and to purchased simulators and test instruments can not be customized so as to be specific to the customer at runtime (on the fly), for example an HIS/RIS simulator can fill DICOM fields with zeros, but cannot forward empty fields, however old systems send unknown fields as empty fields.

This is only remedied by the development of expanded simulator instruments, or special versions for test instruments.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the invention is to provide a medical system architecture of the type initially described, as well as a comparable operating method, wherein an easy adaptation is achieved in a simple manner to a variety of factors and requirements dependent upon, for example, different components, which may originate from different producers.

The object is inventively achieved in a system of the type initially described wherein the device to transfer data, examination images, and messages is

associated with a proxy server that effects a conversion of the messages between client applications and server applications according to predetermined transformation rules. The network detects the messages between two nodes, manipulates the content according to configurable roles, and subsequently forwards the message.

In an advantageous manner, the proxy server can operate according to the DICOM standard in the exchange of data, examination images, and messages.

Storage of the transformation rules can be inventively associated with the proxy server.

It has proven to be advantageous for the proxy server to be a separate software application.

The proxy server can inventively run on the same node or on a network node.

The object also is inventively achieved in a method of the type initially described wherein the content of the messages is manipulated in their transmission by means of a conversion routine according to transformation rules, in the exchange of the messages between client application and server application.

The applications can be DICOM applications.

It has proven to be advantageous for the transformation rules to be configurable, such that an easy adaptation to the most varied conditions and requirements can be achieved.

The conversion of messages can be inventively implemented via a proxy server that accesses stored transformation rules, so the reception, the manipulation, and the forwarding of the messages are transparent for the DICOM nodes.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a schematic block diagram of an example of a system architecture of a hospital network.

Figure 2 schematically illustrates a known communication between a DICOM client application and a DICOM server application.

Figure 3 schematically illustrates the inventive communication between a DICOM client application and a DICOM server application.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As an example, the system architecture of a hospital network is shown in Figure 1. The modalities 1 through 4 that, as image generating systems, serve to acquire medical images, can be, for example, a computed tomography apparatus 1, a magnetic resonance apparatus 2, a DSA apparatus 3 for digital subtraction angiography, and an x-ray unit 4 for digital radiography. Operator consoles (workstations) 5 through 8 of the modalities, with which the acquired medical images can be processed and locally stored, are connected to these modalities 1 through 4. Patient data belonging to the images is also entered via the consoles 5 through 8.

The operator consoles 5 through 8 are connected with a communication network 9 (serving as a data transfer device) formed as a LAN/WAN backbone to distribute the generated images and for communication (data and messages). For example, the images generated in the modalities 1 through 4 and the images further processed in the operator consoles 5 through 8 can be stored in central image storage systems and image archiving systems 10, or forwarded to other workstations.

Further viewing workstations 11 are connected to the communication network 9, as searching consoles that have local image storage. Such a viewing workstation 11 is, for example, a very fast minicomputer based on one or more fast processors. In the viewing workstation 11, the images that are filed in the image archiving system 10 can be subsequently called for a search and filed in the local image storage, from

which they can be immediately available to the searching (reviewing) person working at the viewing workstation 11.

Furthermore, servers 12, for example patient data servers (PDS), file servers, program servers, and/or EPR servers are connected to the communication network 9.

The image exchange and data exchange over the communication network 9 ensue according to DICOM standard, an industry standard to transfer images and further medical information between computers, with which a digital communication between diagnosis devices and therapy devices of different producers is possible. A network interface 13 can be connected to the communication network 9, via which the internal communication network 9 is connected with a global data network, for example the World Wide Web, such that the standardized data can be exchanged worldwide with different networks.

An RIS server and/or a KIS server 14 can be connected to the communication network 9, with which the operator consoles 5 through 8 communicate by means of the communication network 9 via TCP/IP protocols.

Figure 2, a conventional communication between an application 15 on a DICOM client (for example on one of the modalities 1 through 4) and an application 16 on a DICOM server (for example on the server 14) is schematically shown. In a first connection, a number of messages 17 are exchanged that proceed directly from the DICOM client to the DICOM server and back.

Figure 3 shows an inventive communication between a client application 15 and a server application 16. The messages 17 from the DICOM client to the DICOM server and back are first supplied to a proxy server 18 that converts them with transformation rules stored in a memory 19.

The proxy server 18 is a component that administers the data traffic in the internet for a local network (LAN).

This proxy server 18 can be a separate software application. It can run on the same node or on a network node. It is rule-based and can be configured very dynamically. It is semantic-free.

The data in the communication network 9, the content of which is manipulated according to configurable rules, is acquired between the DICOM nodes by the proxy server 18 and subsequently forwarded to the receiver. The receipt, the manipulation, and the forwarding is totally transparent for the DICOM nodes, analogous to an HTTP proxy.

The manipulation is highly robust due to the use of the powerful "Regular Expression Pattern Matching" algorithm, that originates from the mathematician S. Kleene and, for example, is specified in the book "Mastering Regular Expressions . Powerful techniques for Perl and other tools" by Jeffrey E. F. Friedl. It is used in order to specify samples of strings clearly and with a strong algebraic basis. The "Regular Expression" samples are factored out in configuration files. No transmission of the source codes is necessary in order to reprogram the proxy.

The medical system architecture according to the invention is distinguished itself by the following developments:

- Transparent proxy between an older generation of DICOM-based products and a new product.
- Transparent proxy between DICOM products of various producers or interpretations.
- Security firewall to other networks or DICOM nodes.
- Expansion of DICOM simulators or interoperability test instruments.

Abbreviations used in the specification:

DICOM	Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine DICOM standard is an industry standard to transmit images and further medical information between computers to enable the digital communication between diagnosis devices and therapy devices of different producers.
EPR	Electronic Patient Record (Electronic Patient File)
HIS (KIS)	Hospital Information System (Krankenhaus Information System): System for general hospital management, with the main features of patient management, bookkeeping, accountancy, personal management and so forth.
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol defines the access of clients (for example web browsers) to information-stored server-side on the World Wide Web. HTTP defines how messages are formatted and transferred, and which actions web server and web browser should implement as reply to various instructions.
LAN	Local Area Network A local network that comprises a group of computers and other devices, that are distributed over a relatively limited area and connected via communication lines, that enable the interaction of every device with every other device in the network.

PACS	<p>Picture Archival and Communication System:</p> <p>computer-aided image information systems to optimize patient care, operating sequence in the radiological department, image distribution in the hospital, image supply for research and teaching, and image archiving.</p>
RIFS	<p>(Radiology Information System):</p> <p>Information system for data management within the radiology department, that, for example, aids patient admission, the creation of work lists, reporting, report management, bookkeeping, and accounting, and so forth.</p>
TCP/IP	<p>Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol</p> <p>The protocol for the communication between computers is integrated into the operating system UNIX and is a de facto standard for data transmission over networks, including the Internet.</p>
WAN	<p>Wide Area Network</p> <p>A communication network to connect regions geographically very separate. A wide area network can comprise a plurality of local networks. An example for a wide area network is the Internet.</p>

Exemplary Example Code For A Tool For Converting From An ASCII Based File Using The Minimal Language (Set-Content-From-String, Set-Content-From-File, Open-Item, Close-Item) With Some Cosmetic Extensions

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

// include some-dicom-toolkit-header-files
```



```

// for dicom stream build and dicom constrains checking

// -----

// Globals

#define BIGSTRSIZE 1000

#define BIGPNAMESIZE 500

#define BUFFERSIZE 1024*1024*10

#define VRSIZE 3

#define SET_FROM_STR 's'

#define SET_FROM_FUN 'f'

#define OPEN_ITEM 'O'

#define CLOSE_ITEM 'C'

#define TOOLKIT_DUMP 'D'

#define DEBUGTOGGLE '!'

#define COMMENT_BEGIN '#'

#define QUIT 'q'

// Toolkit data structures should be added here

char      appName[10] = "foobar";

char*      fileName;

int lineNo = 0; // line number in input command file

typedef struct line _t
{
    int cmd;

    unsigned long tag;

    char value[BIGSTRSIZE];

    unsigned long slot1;           // DICOM group value

```

```

        char slot2[BIGPNAMESIZE];    // DICOM private tag: OwnerCode
        unsigned long slot3;          // DICOM element value or DICOM
            private tag: ElementByte
        char slot4[VRSIZE];           // DICOM private tag: value rep-
            resentation

    }    line_t;

line_t line;

char callbackdata = 0x1;

    //    Stack for message id
    #define STACKMAXVAL 10000
    int msgld_sp=0;
int msgld_val[STACKMAXVAL];

    //    -----
-----

//    Functions

void pushmsgld(int v){
    if (msgld_sp < STACKMAXVAL)
        msgld_val[msgld_sp++] = v;
    else
        fprintf(stderr, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d:
            Stack overflow\n",lineNo);
}

int popmsgld(void){
    if (msgld_sp>0)
        return msgld_val[--msgld_sp];

```

```

        else {
            fprintf(stderr, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d:
                        Stack underflow\n",lineNo);
            return 0;
        }
    }

void ErrExit(char * errMsg, int errNum)
{
    if (errNum == NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d:
                        %s\n", lineNo, errMsg);
    } else {
        fprintf(stderr, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d: %s
                        with TOOLKIT error %s\n", lineNo, errMsg, Er-
                        ror-Message( (STATUS) errNum));
    }
    status = Release_Application( &appID);
    exit(-1);
}

```

```

static STATUS simpleCallBack (
                                int          msgID,
                                unsigned long tag,
                                int          firstCall,
                                void*        userInfo,
                                int*         dataLen,
                                void**       dataBuffer,

```

```

                                int*                                isLast)

{
    static char    buffer[BUFFERSIZE];
    size_t        byte_pos;
    FILE *stream;
    char errMsg[100];

int ch;

*isLast = 1;

    if( (stream = fopen( line.value, "rb" )) == NULL ) {
        sprintf( errMsg, "Failed to open file: '%s'\n",
                line.value );
        ErrExit(errMsg,NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }

    byte_pos = 0;
ch = fgetc( stream );

    while ( feof( stream ) == 0 ) {
        buffer[byte_pos] = ch;
        ch = fgetc( stream );
        byte_pos++;
    }

    //    byte_pos points one ahead of last filled pos in buffer
        and equals number of bytes

    if( fclose ( stream ) ) {
        sprintf( errMsg,"Failed to close file: '%s'\n",
                line.value );

```

```

        ErrExit(errMsg,NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }

    //    if odd number of bytes report error
    if ((byte_pos % 2) == 1) {
        ErrExit("Odd number of bytes
                read.\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }

    *dataBuffer = buffer;
    *dataLen = (int)byte_pos;

    return NORMAL_COMPLETION;
}

```

```

VR str2vr(char * str)
{
    if ((str[0] == 'A') && (str[1] == 'E')) {return AE;}
    if ((str[0] == 'A') && (str[1] == 'S')) {return AS;}
    if ((str[0] == 'C') && (str[1] == 'S')) {return CS;}
    if ((str[0] == 'D') && (str[1] == 'A')) {return DA;}
    if ((str[0] == 'D') && (str[1] == 'S')) {return DS;}
    if ((str[0] == 'D') && (str[1] == 'T')) {return DT;}
    if ((str[0] == 'I') && (str[1] == 'S')) {return IS;}
    if ((str[0] == 'L') && (str[1] == 'O')) {return LO;}
    if ((str[0] == 'L') && (str[1] == 'T')) {return LT;}
    if ((str[0] == 'P') && (str[1] == 'N')) {return PN;}
    if ((str[0] == 'S') && (str[1] == 'H')) {return SH;}
    if ((str[0] == 'S') && (str[1] == 'T')) {return ST;}
    if ((str[0] == 'T') && (str[1] == 'M')) {return TM;}
}

```

```

    if ((str[0] == 'U') && (str[1] == 'T')) {return UT;}
    if ((str[0] == 'U') && (str[1] == 'I')) {return UI;}
    if ((str[0] == 'S') && (str[1] == 'S')) {return SS;}
    if ((str[0] == 'U') && (str[1] == 'S')) {return US;}
    if ((str[0] == 'A') && (str[1] == 'T')) {return AT;}
    if ((str[0] == 'S') && (str[1] == 'L')) {return SL;}
    if ((str[0] == 'U') && (str[1] == 'L')) {return UL;}
    if ((str[0] == 'F') && (str[1] == 'L')) {return FL;}
    if ((str[0] == 'F') && (str[1] == 'D')) {return FD;}
    if ((str[0] == 'O') && (str[1] == 'B')) {return OB;}
    if ((str[0] == 'O') && (str[1] == 'W')) {return OW;}
    if ((str[0] == 'O') && (str[1] == 'L')) {return OL;}
    if ((str[0] == 'S') && (str[1] == 'Q')) {return SQ;}
    return UNKNOWN_VR;
}

```

```

void trim_rest_of_line(void)
{
    int c;

    c = getchar() ;
    while (c != '\n') {
        if (c == EOF) {
            return;
        }
        c = getchar();
    }
}

```

```

void trim(void)
{
    int c;

    c = getchar();
    while ((c == ' ') ||
           (c == '\t')) {
        c = getchar();
    }

    ungetc(c,stdin);
}

int parseLine(line_t *line)
{
    enum{CMD, TAG, VALUE} state = CMD;
    int c, i;
    char tagAsStr[BIGSTRSIZE];

    // clear return data

    line->cmd = 0;
    line->tag = 0;

    for(i=0; i < BIGSTRSIZE; i++) {
        { line->value[i] = '\0';
    }

    line->slot1 = 0;
    line->slot3 = 0;

    for(i=0; i < BIGPNAMESIZE; i++) {

```

```

        line->slot2[i] = '\0';
    }

    for(i=0; i < VRSIZE; i++) {
        line->slot4[i] = '\0';
    }

    for(i=0; i<BIGSTRSIZE; i++) {
        tagAsStr[i] = '\0';
    }

    trim();

    // get the command

    c = getchar();
    line->cmd = c;

    if ((c == EOF) || (c == QUIT)) {
        return EOF;
    }

    if (c == COMMENT_BEGIN) {
        trim_rest_of_line ();
        return COMMENT_BEGIN;
    }

    if (c == TOOLKIT_DUMP) {
        trim_rest_of_line ();
        return TOOLKIT_DUMP;
    }

    if (c == DEBUGTOGGLE) {

```



```

        trim_rest_of_line ();
        return DEBUGTOGGLE;
    }

    if (!(c == SET FROM STR) ||
        (c == SET_FROM_FUN) ||
        (c == TOOLKIT_DUMP) ||
        (c == OPEN_ITEM) ||
        (c == CLOSE_ITEM))) {
        ErrExit ("Failed to parse line, unexpected
                cmd\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }

    trim();

    // get the first slot of the tag.
    // Tag format:
    //      (0008,0090)
    //      (0009,SIEMENS CM VA0 CMS,11)

    if ((c = getchar()) != '(') {
        ErrExit("Failed to parse line, tag must begin with a
                parantesis\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }

    for(i=0; i<4; i++) {
        c = getchar();
        if (((c >= '0') && (c <= '9')) ||
            ((c >= 'A') && (c <= 'F')))
        {

```

```

        tagAsStr[i] = c;
    } else
    {
        ErrExit("Failed to parse line, invalid
                tag\n", NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }
}

if (sscanf(tagAsStr,"%X",&line->slotI) != 1) {
    ErrExit("sscanf failed\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
}

for (i=0; i<BIGSTRSIZE; i++) {
    tagAsStr[i] = '\0';
}

if ((c = getchar()) != ',') {
    ErrExit("Failed to parse line, missing comma after group
            element in tag\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
}

// get the second slot
// if a comma follows its private if endparantesis it's a
normal tag, else error

c = getchar();
i = 0;
while (!((c (c == ',') ||
        ((c == ')))) {
    if ((c == '\n') ||

```

```

(c == EOF)) {
    ErrExit ("Failed to parse line, unexpected end in
            tag\n", NORMAL_COMPLETION);
}

tagAsStr[i++] = c;
c = getchar();
}

if (c == ')') { // nonprivate tag

    for(i=0; i<4; i++)
        if (!(((tagAsStr[i] >= '0') && (tagAsStr[i] <= '9'))
            ||
            ((tagAsStr[i] >= 'A') && (tagAsStr[i] <= 'F')))) {

            ErrExit("Failed to parse line, invalid hex value in sec-
                    ond part of nonprivate tag\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
        }
    }

    if (sscanf (tagAsStr, "%X", &line->slot3) != 1) {
        ErrExit ("sscanf failed, expected hex as second and
                last part of tag\n", NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }

} else { // private tag

    strcpy (line->slot2,tagAsStr);

    if (c != ',') {
        ErrExit ("Failed to parse line, comma after slot2 miss-
                ing in private tag\n", NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }
}

```

```

    }

    for(i=0; i<BIGSTRSIZE; i++) {
        tagAsStr[i] = '\0';
    }

    // slot3
    c = getchar();
    i = 0;
    while (c != ',') {
        if ((c == '\n') ||
            (c == EOF)) {
            ErrExit("Failed to parse line, unexpected end in slot3
                    in private tag\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
        }

        tagAsStr[i++] = c;
        c = getchar ();
    }

    // slot4
    line->slot4[0] = getchar();
    line->slot4[1] = getchar();

    if ((c = getchar()) != ')') {
        ErrExit("Failed to parse line, missing ending parante-
                sis in private tag\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }

    if (sscanf(tagAsStr,"%X",&line->slot3) != 1) {
        ErrExit("sscanf failed\n",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }

```

```

    }
}

if ((line->cmd == SET_FROM_STR) || (line->cmd ==
    SET_FROM_FUN))
{
    c = getchar();
    if (!((c == '_' ) || (c == '\t'))))
    {
        ErrExit("Failed to parse line, delimiter before value
            not space or tab\n", NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    }
}
else
{
    trim();
}

// get the value
c = getchar();
i = 0;
while (! ( (c == EOF) ||
    (c == '\n'))) {
    line->value[i++] = c;
    c = getchar();
}

return c; // EOF or '\n'
}

```

```

int
main (int argc, char * argv[])
{
    int outer_msgId;
    bool debugging = FALSE;

    if (argc != 2)
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "\nSchematic-example-code Usage: Schematic-example-code filename < commands\n\n");
        fprintf(stderr, "List of commands:\n\n");
        fprintf(stderr, "\t's' for SET_FROM_STR \n");
        fprintf(stderr, "\t'f' for SET_FROM_FUN \n");
        fprintf(stderr, "\t'o' for OPEN_ITEM \n");
        fprintf(stderr, "\t'C' for CLOSE_ITEM \n");
        fprintf(stderr, "\t'D' for TOOLKIT_DUMP \n");
        fprintf(stderr, "\t'!' for DEBUGTOGGLE \n");
        fprintf(stderr, "\t'#' for COMMENT_BEGIN \n");
        fprintf(stderr, "\t'q' for QUIT \n");

        return -1;
    }
}

```

```

fileName = argv[1];

```

```

status = Library_Initialization(NULL, NULL, NULL);
if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION)
    ErrExit ("Library_Initialization", status);

status = Register_Application(&appId, appName);

```

```

    if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION)
        ErrExit ("Register_Application", status);

    //status = Create_File (&msgId, fileName, "DICOMDIR",
        C_STORE_RQ);

    status = Create_Empty_File (&msgId, fileName);
    if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION)
        ErrExit("Create_File", status);

top_msgId = msgId;

while (parseLine(&line) != EOF) {

    lineNo++;

        if ((line.cmd == QUIT) ||
            (line.cmd == COMMENT_BEGIN) ||
            (line.cmd == DEBUGTOGGLE) ||
            (line.cmd == EOF)) {

                if (debugging) {
                    fprintf(stdout, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d:
                        parsed cmd = \"%c\" OK!\n", lineNo, line.cmd);
                }

    }

    else {

        if (line.slot2[0] == '\0') {

            if (debugging) {
                fprintf(stdout, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d:
                    parsed cmd = \"%c\" tag = (%4X,%4X) value \"%s\"
                    OK!\n",
                        lineNo,line.cmd,line.slot1,line.slot3,line.value);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

}

line.tag = (line.slot1 << 16) + line.slot3;

    }    else {

        if (debugging) {
            fprintf(stdout, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d:
                parsed cmd =      \"%c\" tag = (%4X, %s, %4X, %s) value
                \"%s\" OK!\n",

                    lineNo,line.cmd,line.slot1,line.slot2,line.slot3,li
                    ne.slot4,line.value,lineNo);
        }
    }
}

switch (line.cmd) {

    case SET_FROM_STR:
        if (line.slot2[0] == '\0')    // standard tag
        {
            if (strcmp(line.value, "") == 0)
            {
                status = Set_Next_Value_To_NULL(msgId, line.tag);
                if (status == INCOMPATIBLE_VR)
                {
                    status = Set_Next_Value_From_String(msgId,
                        line.tag, "");
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```



```

        else
        {
            status = Set_Next_Value_From_String(msgId, line.tag,
                                                line.value);
        }
    if ((status != NORMAL_COMPLETION) && (status !=
        INVALID_CHARS_IN_VALUE) && (status !=
        INVALID_VALUE_FOR_VR))
    ErrExit("Set_Next_Value_From_String", status);

    }

    else // private tag
    {

        unsigned long aValLength;
        status = Get_pValue_Length(msgId,
                                    line.slot2,
                                    (unsigned short) line.slot1,
                                    (unsigned char) line.slot3,
                                    1,
                                    &aValLength);

        if ((status == NULL_VALUE) || (status ==
            EMPTY_VALUE))
        {
            status = NORMAL_COMPLETION;
        }

        if (!((status == NORMAL_COMPLETION) ||
            (status == INVALID_PRIVATE_CODE) ||

```

```

        (status == INVALID_TAG))) {
    ErrExit("Get_pValue_Length", status);
}

// CASE no owner element; no data element:
if (status == INVALID_PRIVATE_CODE) {
    status = Add_Private_Block(msgId,line.slot2,(unsigned
        char)line.slot1);
    if (status == NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
        status = Add_Private_Attribute(msgId,line.slot2,
            (unsigned short)line.slot1,
            (unsigned char)line.slot3,
            str2vr(line.slot4));
        if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
            ErrExit("Add_Private_Attribute failed", status); }
        }
    } else {
        ErrExit("Add_Private_Block failed", status);
    }
}
else if (status == INVALID_TAG) {

    // CASE owner element exist; no data element: do 2.

    status = Add_Private_Attribute(msgId,line.slot2,
        (unsigned short)line.slot1,
        (unsigned char)line.slot3,
        str2vr(line.slot4));
    if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
        ErrExit("Add_Private_Attribute\n", status);
    }
}

```

```

    }
} else if (status == NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
// CASE owner element exist; data element exist: do 3.

    status = Set_pValue_Representation(msgId,line.slot2,
                                      (unsigned short)line.slot2,
                                      (unsigned char)line.slot3,
                                      str2vr(line.slot4));
    if (!(status ==NORMAL_COMPLETION) ||
        (status == VR_ALREADY_VALID))) {
        ErrExit("Set_pValue_Representation", status);
    }
} else {
    ErrExit("Other error while doing private attribute",
           status);
}

// We have possibly built a private structure, now set
the private value
if (strcmp(line.value, "") == 0)
{
    status = Set_Next_pValue_To_NULL(msgId,
                                     line.slot2,
                                     (unsigned short)line.slot1,
                                     (unsigned char)line.slot3);
    if (status == INCOMPATIBLE_VR)
    {
        status = Set_Next_pValue_From_String(msgId,

```

```

        line.slot2,
        (unsigned short)line.slot1,
        (unsigned char)line.slot3),
        "");
    }
}
else
{
    status = Set_Next_pValue_From_String(msgld,
        line.slot2,
        (unsigned short)line.slot1,
        (unsigned char)line.slot3,
        line.value);
}

if ((status != NORMAL_COMPLETION) && (status !=
    INVALID_CHARS_IN_VALUE) && (status !=
    INVALID_VALUE_FOR_VR))
{
    ErrExit("Set_Next_pValue_From_String", status);
}

}

break;

case SET_FROM_FUN:
    if (line.slot2[0] == '\0') { // standard tag

        status = Set_Value_From_Function(msgld, line.tag, NULL,
            simpleCallback);
    }
}

```

```

        if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION)
            ErrExit("Set_Value_From_Function", status);
    } else {

        unsigned long aValLength;
        status = Get_pValue_Length(msgId,
                                    line.slot2,
                                    (unsigned short) line.slot1,
                                    (unsigned char) line.slot3,
                                    1,
                                    &aValLength);

        if (!(status == NORMAL_COMPLETION) ||
            (status == INVALID_PRIVATE_CODE) ||
            (status == INVALID_TAG))) {
            ErrExit("Get_pValue_Length", status);
        }

        // CASE no owner element; no data element:
        if (status == INVALID_PRIVATE_CODE) {
            status = Add_Private_Block(msgId, line.slot2, (unsigned
                char)line.slot1);
        }
        if (status == NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
            status = Add_Private_Attribute(msgId, line.slot2,
                (unsigned short)line.slot1,
                (unsigned char)line.slot3,
                str2vr(line.slot4));
            if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
                ErrExit("Add_Private_Attribute failed", status);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    } else {
        ErrExit("Add_Private_Block failed", status);
    }
} else if (status == INVALID_TAG) {
    // CASE owner element exist; no data element: do 2.

    status = Add_Private_Attribute(msgId,line.slot2,
                                   (unsigned short)line.slot1,
                                   (unsigned char)line.slot3,
                                   str2vr(line.slot4));

    if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
        ErrExit("Add_Private_Attribute\n", status);
    }
} else if (status == NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
    // CASE owner element exist; data element exist: do 3.

    status = Set_pValue_Representation(msgId,line.slot2,
                                       (unsigned short)line.slot1,
                                       (unsigned char)line.slot3,
                                       str2vr(line.slot4));

    if (!(status == NORMAL_COMPLETION) ||
        (status == VR_ALREADY_VALID))) {
        ErrExit("Set_pValue_Representation", status);
    }
} else {
    ErrExit("Other error while doing private attribute",
            status);
}

```

```

    }

    // We have possibly built a private structure, now set
    the private value
    if ((status = Set_pValu_From_Function(msgId,
        line.slot2,
        (unsigned short)line.slot1,
        (unsigned char)line.slot3,
        NULL,
        simpleCallBack)) !=
        NORMAL_COMPLETION) {
        ErrExit("Set_pValue_From_Function", status);
    }

    }

    break;

case CLOSE_ITEM:
    outer_msgId = popmsgId();
    Set_Next_Value_From_Int(outer_msgId, line.tag, msgId);
    msgId= outer_msgId;
    if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION)
        ErrExit("Set_Value_from_int", status);
    break;

    case TOOLKIT_DUMP:
        List_File(msgId, NULL);
        if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION)
            ErrExit("List_File", status);
        break;

```

```

case OPEN_ITEM:
    pushmsgld(msgld);
    status = Open_Item(&msgld, line.value);
    if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION)
        ErrExit("Open_Item", status);
    break;

case COMMENT_BEGIN:
    // do nothing for comments
    break;

case DEBUGTOGGLE:
    if (debugging) {
        debugging = FALSE;
    } else {
        debugging = TRUE;
    }
    break;

default:
    fprintf(stderr, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d:
        \\\"%c\\\": \",lineNo,line.cmd);
    ErrExit("Unexpected value",NORMAL_COMPLETION);
    break;
}

}

if (debugging) {
    fprintf(stdout, "Schematic-example-code: Writing dicom
        output to: %s\\n", fileName);

```



```

    }

    long aStatus = UNDEFINED;
    TransferSyntax aSyntax;
    const int aBufferSize = 128;
    char aBuffer[aBufferSize];

    status = Get_Value_To_String(msgId, 0x00020010, aBuffer-
        Size, aBuffer);
    if (status == NORMAL_COMPLETION)
    {
        aSyntax.setFromUidString(aBuffer);
    }
    else
    {
        status = File_To_Message(msgId);
        if (status != NORMAL_COMPLETION)
        {
            ErrExit("File_To_Message", status);
        }
        a5yntax.setFromString("STREAM_IMPLICIT_LITTLE_ENDIAN");
    }

    aStatus = encodeDicomList(msgId, fileName, aSyntax);
    if (aStatus != SUCCESS)
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "Schematic-example-code at cmdline %d:
            %s\n", lineNo, "encodeDicomList() failed");
    }
}

```

```
        return 0;  
    } // main
```

Although modifications and changes may be suggested by those skilled in the art, it is the intention of the inventor to embody within the patent warranted hereon all changes and modifications as reasonably and properly come within the scope of his contribution to the art.